

Department of Education

DIGOS CITY DIVISION

Office of the Schools Division Superintendent

DIVISION MEMORANDUM

SGOD -2023- | 8

To

Assistant Schools Division Superintendent

Curriculum Implementation Division Education Program Supervisors Public Schools District Supervisors

School Heads of Public Elementary and Secondary Schools

All Others Concerned

Subject:

ADVISORY ON THE PREVENTION OF DISEASE DURING THE

2023 EL NINO CYCLE

Date

May 17, 2023

Herewith is the advisory on the Prevention of Disease During the 2023 El Niño which is self-explanatory.

Immediate and wide dissemination of this advisory is desired

MELANIE P ESTACIO

Assistant Schools Division Superintendent Officer-in-Charge

Office of the Schools Division Superintendent

OepEd Schools Division of Digos City RECORDS SECTION

Enclosure: As stated. OSDS/HNU/mpeht

DA-

TIME:

EMAN DIVISION OF DRAW

Address: Roxas cor. Lopez Jaena Street, Zone II, Digos City (8002)

Telephone Nos.: (082) 553-8375; (082) 553-8396

Record



Republic of the Philippines

Department of Education

DAVAO REGION

Office of the Regional Director

REGIONAL MEMORANDUM ESSD-2023-181

To

Schools Division Superintendents

Subject:

ADVISORY ON THE PREVENTION OF DISEASE

DURING THE 2023 EL NIÑO CYCLE

Date :

May 12, 2023

Herewith is the advisory on the Prevention of Disease During the 2023 El Niño Cycle, which is self-explanatory.

Immediate and wide dissemination of this advisory is desired.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ROX

RECORDS SEL

Date:

ALLAN G. FARNAZO Director IV

en the Authority of the Regional Director

REBONFAMIL R. BASULO

Director III 1 2 MAY 2023

PEO SCHOOLS DIVISION OF DIGOS

RECOROS SECTION

10 20 72

TIME: L'TO

ROE/D4/mbm



Address: F. Torres St., Davao City (8000) Telephone Nos.: (082) 291-1665; (082) 221-6147 ISO 9001:2015 - Certified



Department of Education

BUREAU OF LEARNER SUPPORT SERVICES

Office of the Director

ADVISORY ON THE PREVENTION OF DISEASE DURING THE 2023 EL NIÑO CYCLE April 27,2023

- Authorities have declared the strong possibility of El Niño developing from July to September 2023 and persisting into the first quarter of 2024. This weather phenomenon is characterized by extreme climatic conditions, that is - extreme temperature rise with a little rainfall and, at the opposite end, unusually heavy rainfall.
- 2. Scientists have established the strong link between El Niño and disease outbreaks in a study of the severe El Niño event of 2015-2016, which generated excess rainfall and flooding, drought, and temperature extremes that created ecological conditions potentially favoring disease transmission in affected regions worldwide.
- 3. The Department of Health (DOH) has noted the health problems engendered by this weather cycle, including diseases related to water scarcity or shortage such as diarrhea and skin diseases, paralytic shellfish poisoning due to Red Tide Blooms, disorders associated with high temperatures such as heat cramps, heat exhaustion, heat stroke, and heat-associated diseases such as sore eyes and measles.
- 4 In light of the above, the Department of Education (DepEd) reiterates the DOH advisory in favor of: (a) conserving water and using it wisely. (b) protecting water sources from contamination, (c) staying hydrated by drinking eight glasses of water a day, (d) listening to updates on the shellfish ban, (e) wearing light clothing, (f) taking a bath every day to cool the body and prevent rashes and skin infections, (g) storing enough water in clean and covered containers, (h) reducing breeding sites of mosquitoes, (i) avoiding strenuous physical activity, (j) switching off lights and other appliances when not in use, (k) using sumblock or sunscreen when going out, and (l) seeking medical attention if experiencing symptoms of a disease.
- 5. Furthermore, the DOH strongly enumerates the following: (a) avoiding strenuous physical activities, (b) not drinking from doubtful water sources, (c) not staying under the sun without proper protection, especially from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., (d) avoiding self-medication, and (e) avoiding drinking too much collee and alcoholic beverages.
- School officials are instructed to take the lead in protecting learners, teachers, and non-teaching personnel from the above threats to health by:

B dengue-carrying mosquitoes within school premises as mandated under the handwashing on a regular basis, and climinating breeding places Ensuring the availability of clean and potable water within school premises WinS Program effectively implementing hygiene and sanitation practices aschading proper

they are given first aid treatment in a timely manner and referred to a bealth signs and symptoms of disease of heat related health conditions to ensure Instructing reachers and other school personnel to observe students, especially those with co-morbidities and other health problems, to watch for

care provider for proper diagnosis and treatment; and

expected onset of the El Wine weather cycle. the importance of good health practices, vaccination, and the contents of this Advisory to prevent disease and other health conditions with the instructing school health personnel to communicate to the school populace

For questions and clarifications, you may contact Dr. Maria Corazon C. Dumiso, Chief of the Bureau of Learner Support Services-School Health Division (BLSS. SHD), through (02) 8632-9935 or erash at

immediate dissemination of this Advisory is desired.

NENNETH ES Director IV, Bureau ALANA ALAMA, PhD

Filesurer Support Services



Department of Education

BUREAU OF LEARNER SUPPORT SERVICES

Office of the Director

MEMORANDUM

FOR Atty. REVSEE A. ESCOBEDO

Undersecretary for Operations

NENNETH ESPLANA-ALAMA, PhD. FROM

Director IV

ADVISORY ON THE PREVENTION OF DISEASE DURING SUBJECT

THE 2023 EL NIÑO CYCLE

April 27, 2023 DATE

This Office respectfully submits the attached advisory on the Prevention of Disease During the 2023 El Niño Cycle.

The said advisory is intended for dissemination to DepEd field offices.

For approval of the Undersecretary.



Department of Education

BUREAU OF LEARNER SUPPORT SERVICES

Office of the Director

ADVISORY ON THE PREVENTION OF DISEASE DURING THE 2023 EL NIÑO CYCLE April 27,2023

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 in a study of the severe El Niño event of 2015-2016, which generated excess
 rainfall and flooding, drought, and temperature extremes that created ecological
 conditions potentially favoring disease transmission in affected regions worldwide.
- 3. The Department of Health (DOH) has noted the health problems engendered by this weather cycle, including diseases related to water scarcity or shortage such as diarrhea and skin diseases, paralytic shellfish poisoning due to Red Tide Blooms, disorders associated with high temperatures such as heat cramps, heat exhaustion, heat stroke, and heat associated diseases such as sore eyes and measles.
- 4. In light of the above, the Department of Education (DepEd) reiterates the DOH advisory in favor of: (a) conserving water and using it wisely, (b) protecting water sources from contamination, (c) staying hydrated by drinking eight glasses of water a day, (d) listening to updates on the shellfish ban, (e) wearing light clothing, (f) taking a bath every day to cool the body and prevent rashes and skin infections, (g) storing enough water in clean and covered containers, (h) reducing breeding sites of mosquitoes, (i) avoiding strenuous physical activity, (j) switching off lights and other appliances when not in use, (k) using sunblock or sunscreen when going out, and (l) seeking medical attention if experiencing symptoms of a disease.
- 5. Furthermore, the DOH strongly enumerates the following: (a) avoiding strenuous physical activities, (b) not drinking from doubtful water sources, (c) not staying under the sun without proper protection, especially from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., (d) avoiding self-medication, and (e) avoiding drinking too much coffee and alcoholic beverages.
- 6. School officials are instructed to take the lead in protecting learners, teachers, and non-teaching personnel from the above threats to health by:

- a) Ensuring the availability of clean and potable water within school premises, effectively implementing hygiene and sanitation practices including proper handwashing on a regular basis, and eliminating breeding places for dengue-carrying mosquitoes within school premises as mandated under the WinS Program;
- b) Instructing teachers and other school personnel to observe students, especially those with co-morbidities and other health problems, to watch for signs and symptoms of disease or heat-related health conditions to ensure they are given first aid treatment in a timely manner and referred to a health care provider for proper diagnosis and treatment; and
- c) Instructing school health personnel to communicate to the school populace the importance of good health practices, vaccination, and the contents of this Advisory to prevent disease and other health conditions with the expected onset of the El Niño weather cycle.
- For questions and clarifications, you may contact Dr. Maria Corazon C. Dumlao, Chief of the Bureau of Learner Support Services-School Health Division (BLSS-SHD), through (02) 8632-9935 or email at biss shd@deped.gov.ph

8. Immediate dissemination of this Advisory is desired.

NENNETH ESTALANA-ALAMA, PhD
Director IV, Bureau of Learner Support Services